Estimating the mean from a grouped frequency table

227

Name:





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Calculate an **estimate** for the mean of the following sets of data:

NB: Table space is usually given

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a)	No. of Pets	Frequency	Midpoint	fx
	0 < <i>x</i> ≤ 2	6	1	6
	2 < <i>x</i> ≤ 4	3	3	9
	4 < <i>x</i> ≤ 6	2	5	10
	6 < <i>x</i> ≤ 8	1	7	7
	•	12		32

b)	Shoe size	Frequency	Midpoint	fx
	1 < <i>x</i> ≤ 3	6	2	12
	3 < <i>x</i> ≤ 5	4	4	16
	5 < <i>x</i> ≤ 7	7	6	42
	7 < <i>x</i> ≤ 9	10	8	80
		27		150

2.67

5.56

c)	Age	Frequency
	0 < <i>x</i> ≤ 2	5
	2 < <i>x</i> ≤ 4	10
	4 < <i>x</i> ≤ 6	8
	6 < <i>x</i> ≤ 8	6
	8 < <i>x</i> ≤ 10	8
	10 < <i>x</i> ≤ 12	4

d) Wins Frequency $0 < x \le 6$ 7 $6 < x \le 12$ 8 $12 < x \le 18$ 10 $18 < x \le 24$ 2 $24 < x \le 30$ 7 $30 < x \le 36$ 6

5.68

16.8

Weight (kg)	Frequency
10 < <i>x</i> ≤ 16	7
16 < <i>x</i> ≤ 22	12
22 < <i>x</i> ≤ 28	8
34 < <i>x</i> ≤ 40	10
40 < <i>x</i> ≤ 46	3
46 < <i>x</i> ≤ 52	5
	$10 < x \le 16$ $16 < x \le 22$ $22 < x \le 28$ $34 < x \le 40$ $40 < x \le 46$

e)	Height (cm)	Frequency
	10 < <i>x</i> ≤ 12	10
	12 < <i>x</i> ≤ 14	14
	14 < <i>x</i> ≤ 16	8
	16 < <i>x</i> ≤ 18	5
	18 < <i>x</i> ≤ 20	3
	20 < <i>x</i> ≤ 22	4

28.07

14.5

Exam question:

50 painters painted a wall. The time they took in minutes was recorded. The table shows the results.

Calculate an estimate for mean time taken for painters to paint the wall.

Time (m)	Frequency
0 < <i>x</i> ≤ 10	3
10 < <i>x</i> ≤ 20	12
20 < <i>x</i> ≤ 30	20
30 < <i>x</i> ≤ 40	10
40 < <i>x</i> ≤ 50	3
50 < <i>x</i> ≤ 60	2

25.8

