HCF and LCM using Venn diagrams

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Name:

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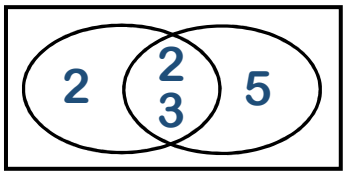
a) Find the HCF and LCM of 12 and 30.

$12 = 2^2 \times 3$

$30 = 2 \times 3 \times 5$



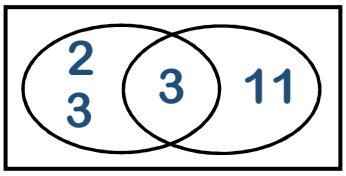
HCF = 6

LCM = 60

b) Find the HCF and LCM of 18 and 33.

$18 = 2 \times 3^2$

$33 = 3 \times 11$



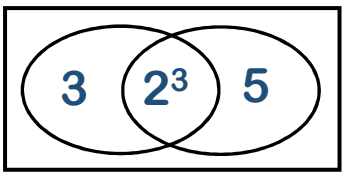
HCF = 3

LCM = 198

c) Find the HCF and LCM of 24 and 40.

$24 = 2^3 \times 3$

$40 = 2^3 \times 5$



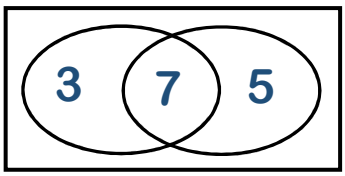
HCF = 8

LCM = 120

d) Find the HCF and LCM of 21 and 35.

$21 = 3 \times 7$

$35 = 5 \times 7$



HCF = 7

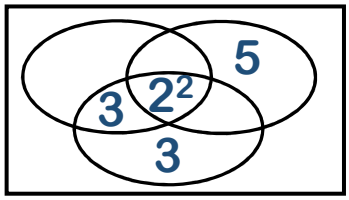
LCM = 105

e) Find the HCF and LCM of 12, 20 and 36.

$12 = 2^2 \times 3$

$20 = 2^2 \times 5$

$36 = 2^2 \times 3^2$



HCF = 4

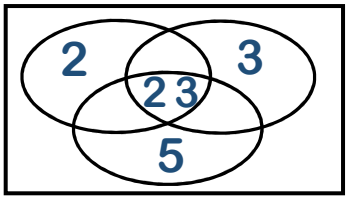
LCM = 180

f) Find the HCF and LCM of 12, 18 and 30.

$12 = 2^2 \times 3$

$18 = 2 \times 3^2$

$30 = 2 \times 3 \times 5$



HCF = 6

LCM = 180

Exam question:

a) Write 36 as a product of prime factors in index form.

$36 = 2^2 \times 3^2$

b) Find the lowest common multiple of 36 and 20.

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