

Introduction to trigonometry – sin, cos and tan

109a

Name:



Identify the names of the sides marked with a question mark (x) (Hypotenuse, Adjacent or Opposite).

a) Opp	b) Hyp	c) Adj	d) Adj
e) Hyp	f) Opp	g) Opp	h) Opp
i) Hyp	j) Opp	k) Opp	l) Opp
m) Hyp	n) Adj	o) Adj	p) Adj

Identify the trigonometric ratio (Sin, Cos or Tan) which are used in the trigonometric calculations:

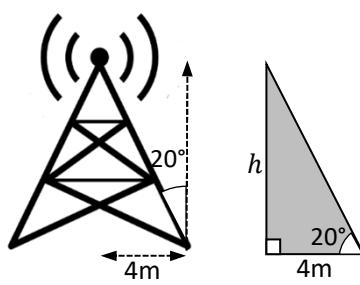
a) COS $(x) = \frac{9}{10}$ 	b) sin $(x) = \frac{5}{8}$ 	c) tan $(x) = \frac{7}{12}$ 	d) sin $(x) = \frac{7}{9}$
e) tan $(x) = \frac{9}{5}$ 	f) COS $(x) = \frac{4}{5}$ 	g) COS $(x) = \frac{6}{11}$ 	h) COS $(x) = \frac{6}{8}$
i) tan $(x) = \frac{4}{3}$ 	j) sin $(x) = \frac{4}{11}$ 	k) tan $(x) = \frac{5}{13}$ 	l) tan $(x) = \frac{14}{4}$



Exam question:

Steve is answering a GCSE question about the height of a Radio mast.
He sets up a triangle to use trigonometry in order to answer the question.
Explain what is wrong with Steve's model.

20° is in the wrong position



Trigonometry – Finding missing sides



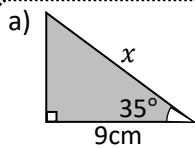
109b

Name:

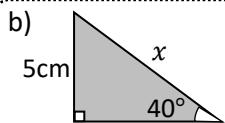


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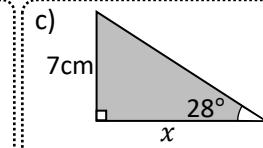
Calculate the length of the side x (Give your answer to 2 decimal places):



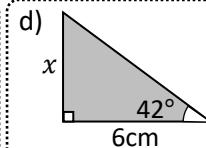
10.99cm



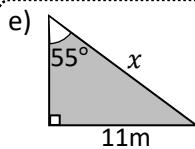
7.78cm



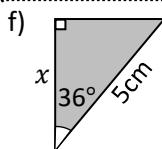
13.17cm



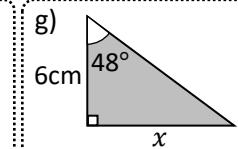
5.40cm



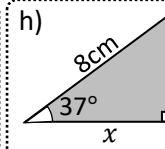
13.43m



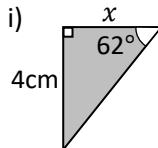
4.05cm



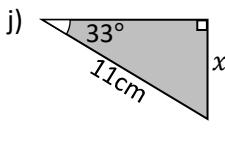
6.66cm



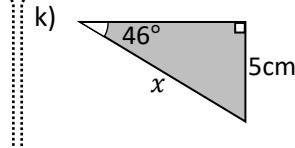
6.39cm



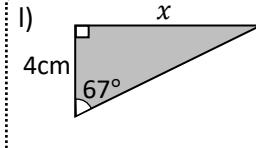
2.13cm



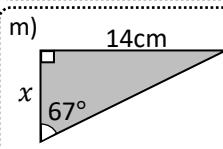
5.99cm



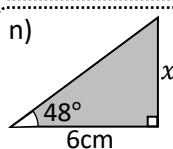
6.95cm



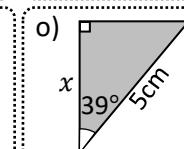
9.42cm



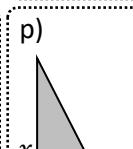
5.94cm



6.66cm



3.89cm



18.82m

Exam question:

The diagram shows a right angled triangle ABC.
Find the length of AC to 2 decimal places.

4.31m

